

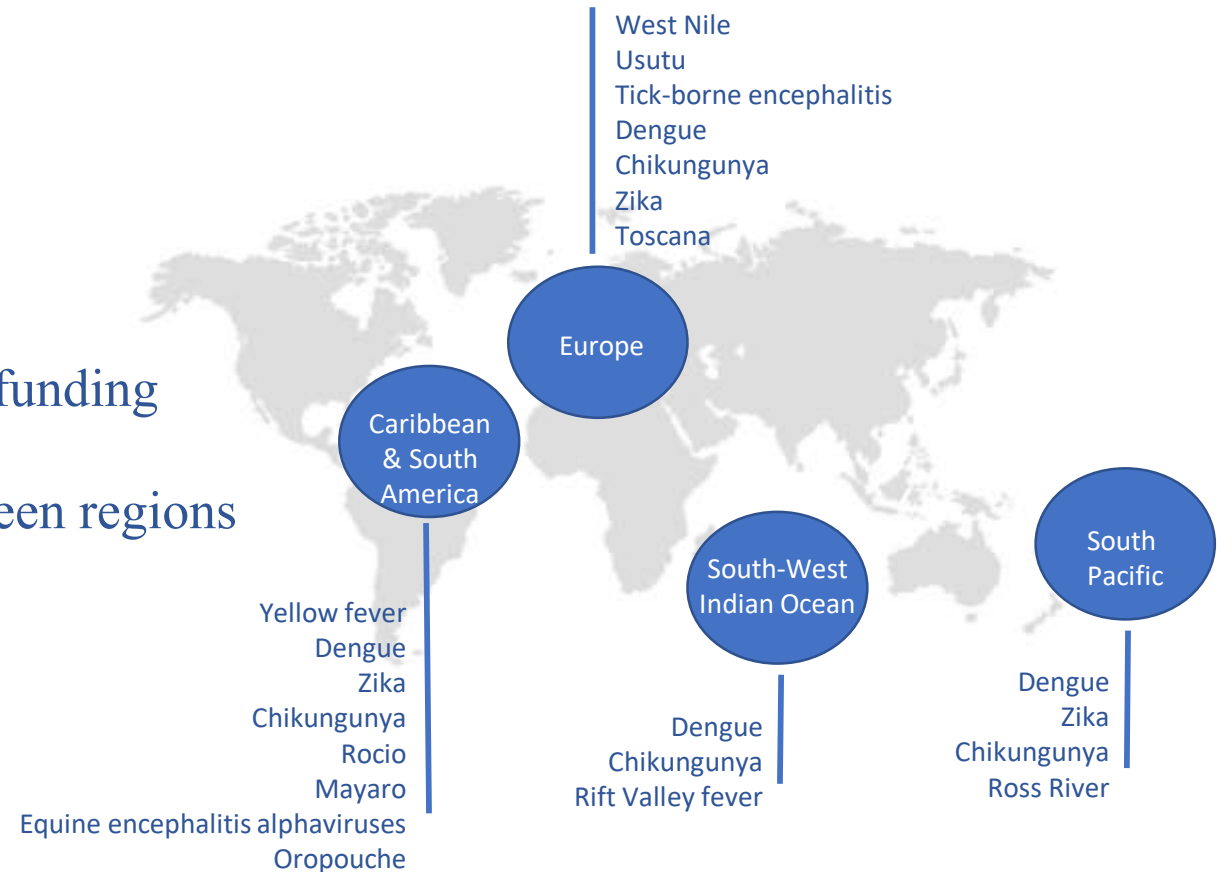
# Arbo-France

A French network for the study of human & animal arboviral diseases

Bernadette Murgue

# The unique situation of France

- A long tradition of research in arbovirology
- An exceptional eco-epidemiological situation
- A recurrent public health problem
- No dedicated organisation, very low levels of funding
- Lack of coordination between teams and between regions



## Arbo-France

Set up in February 2019 to improve preparedness and response to  
arbovirus epidemics.



Since September 2021, integrated into ANRS-MIE

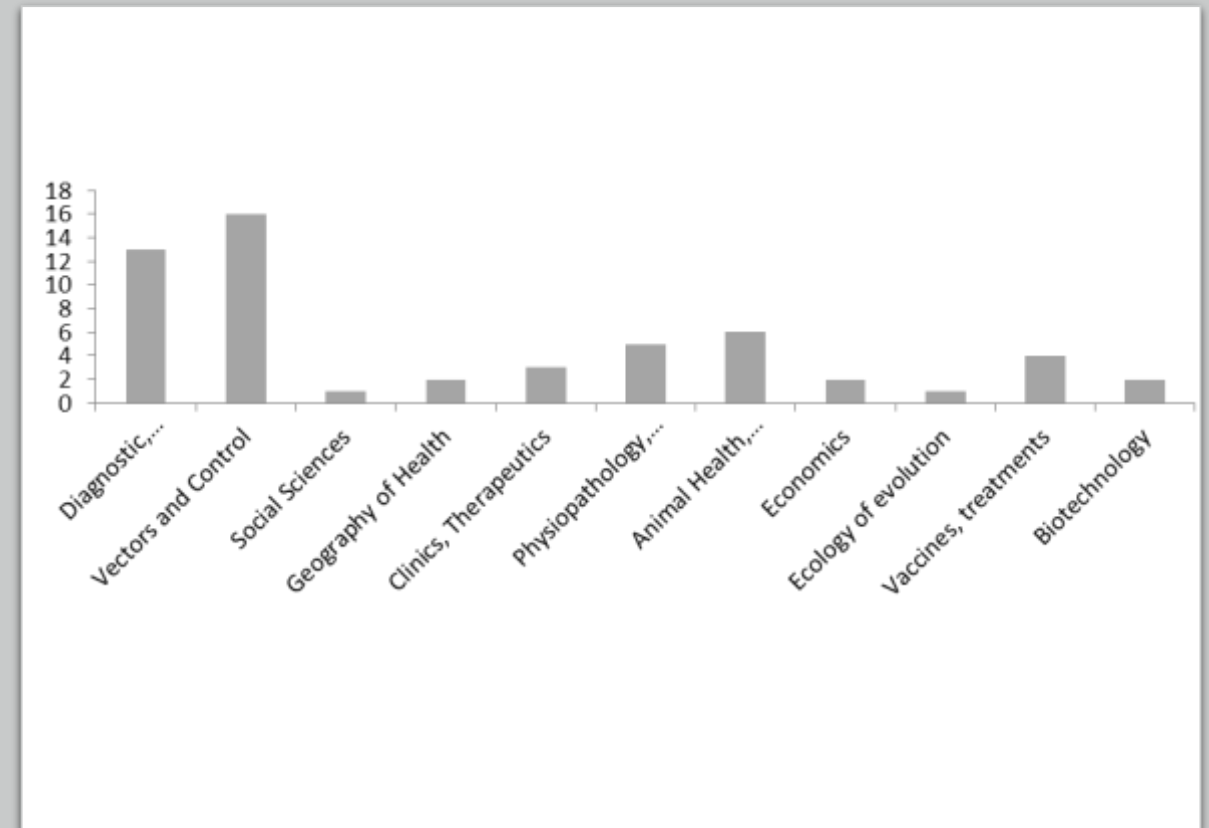
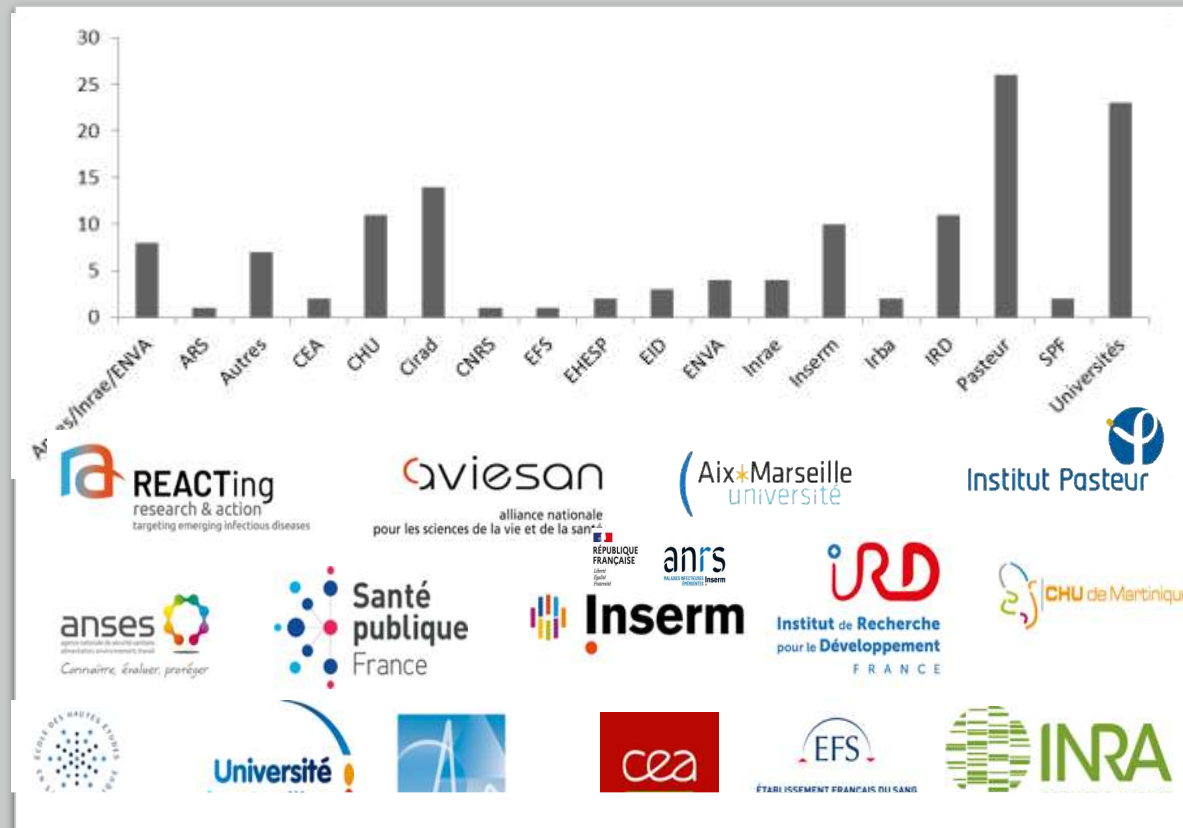
# Objectives & Organisation

# Objectives

- Provide an **alert function** to the ANRS-MIE
- Contribute to **scientific excellence** by promoting an integrated One Health approach
- Strengthen the **structuring and integration** of arbovirology projects in France
- Contribute to the **preparedness plan** for French research in arbovirology
- Actively promote **behavioral and social dimensions** in research projects

# Arbo-France is a French network:

## 1. Multi-institutionnal & multidisciplinary



## 2. On human and animal arboviral diseases



**X. De Lamballerie**  
AMU-IRD-Inserm

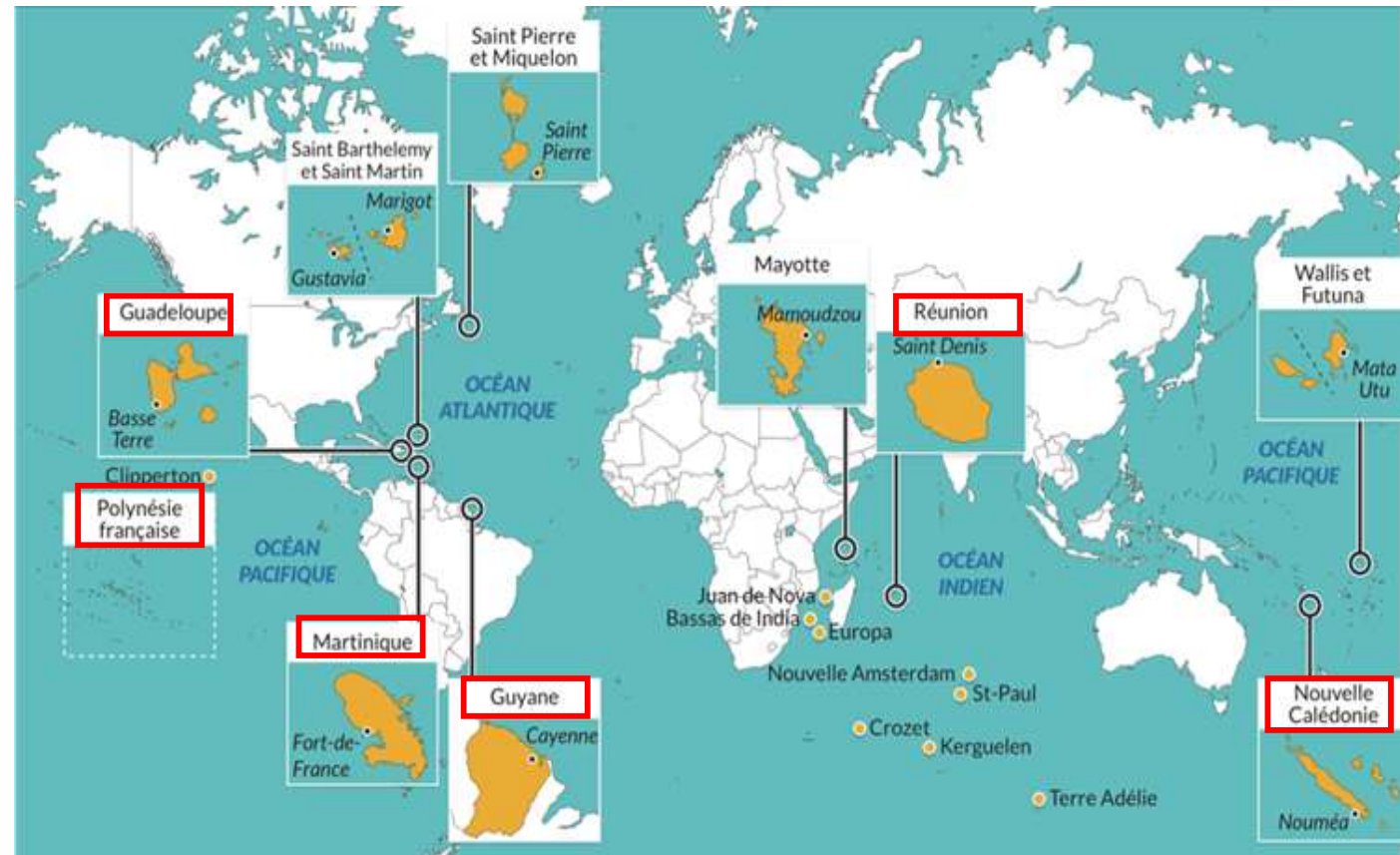


**A.-B. Failloux**  
Institut Pasteur



**S. Zientara**  
Anses-INRA-ENVA

## 3. In metropolitan France and overseas territories



# Organisation



**More than 170 experts** in metropolitan France and overseas territories

**A Broad expertise** in human and animal health:  
diagnosis, epidemiology, ecology, biology,  
socio-anthropology, vector, modelling,  
pathophysiology, antiviral therapies, etc

# Activities

# Monitoring and alert function

- Epidemiological surveillance group
  - Monthly meetings
  - Epidemiological overview in human and animal public health in metropolitan France, overseas territories and in the world
  - Updates: Dengue in La réunion, Oropouche/Mayaro in French Guyana, insecticide resistance, TBEV, RVF, entomological surveillance systems, WN surveillance, etc
- Response to specific situations/events and notes to health authorities:
  - Risk of extension of Zika in mainland France (DGS Nov. 2019)

# Reinforce the structuring of projects

## Working groups

- Use of dengue vaccines in the West Indies
- WN/Usutu in mainland France
- Atypical forms of dengue fever
- Social acceptability of preventive and curative actions

## Provide support in the response to calls for tender

- National Strategy for the Acceleration of Emerging Infectious Diseases: 2023

<https://www.anrs.fr/fr/emergences/enjeux-de-la-recherche/pepr-maladies-infectieuses-emergentes>

<https://anr.fr/fr/france-2030/france2030/call/pepr-prezode-appel-a-projets-changements-globaux-pratiques-humaines-et-emergence-de-maladies-zoo/>

# Research preparedness and response plan to arbovirus epidemics

Based on epidemic scenarios in metropolitan France and/or overseas territories

- Identify the needs: Diagnosis, Epidemiology, Entomology & Vector control, Medical care, treatment, vaccination, Societal impact, communication, ...
- Propose appropriate responses for each of these elements
- List the shortcomings: means, structure, regulations
- Propose priorities for action and research priorities

First example: **Yellow Fever in Martinique**

# Deuxième Colloque scientifique Arbo- France

13-14 octobre 2022, Paris Santé Campus

**New interventions of vector control and vaccines for human and animal arboviruses**

# PhD grants ARBO-France – ANRS | MIE

Innovative vector control strategies & Innovative vaccination strategies

**Development of the Sterile and the Incompatible Insect Techniques (SIT-IIT) as part of integrated *Aedes albopictus* control in Mexico**

Frédéric SIMARD & David ROIZ

**How insecticide resistance can affect *Wolbachia*-induced resistance to arbovirus transmission.**

Anna Bella FAILLOUX & Nicolas POCQUET

## **Scientific strategy for the next 10 years**

# Priorities

- **Network of clinical cohorts:**

- Facilitate the collection, analysis and sharing of data and biological samples

- **Diagnostic**

- Facilitate the preparation and distribution of large-scale tests.
- Establish a virtual platform dedicated to improving the diagnosis of human and animal arboviral infections.
- Establish a platform for seroprevalence studies starting with blood donors.

# Priorities

- **Entomology**

- Facilitate connectivity between the different actors of vector control;
- Promote the development of infrastructure, insectarium in particular;
- Facilitate discussion on new vector control methods.

- **Research**

- Promote interactions between human, animal health and environmental scientists;
- Support national funding for research on non-zoonotic animal arboviroses
- Strengthen long-term support for "orphan" topics;
- Promote research in regions at risk of emergence.

# Expected results

Become a driving force in the development of research projects

Strengthen the integration of disciplines and scientific teams in the conduct of research projects;

Evolve into a reliable reference network for actors in arbovirology research and support expertise with public authorities

Set up an evaluation process that covers scientific activities and activities of the network